Sporlan IB Series Interface Boards  
IB1, IB2, IB3, IB6, IB ESX  
SD-278/072014  
Interface Boards

The IB Series interface boards have been developed as economical compliments to the TCB temperature control boards. The IB Series is available in five basic models, IB1, IB2, IB3, IB6, and IB ESX and each can accept 4-20 milliamp or 0-10 volt DC analog input signals. All are designed to allow externally supplied control signals to control one or two Sporlan step motor valves including CDS evaporator control valves, SDR electric discharge bypass valves, and SEI/SER/SEH/ESX electric expansion valves.

**Figure 1**  
IB 1,2,3,6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CN3</th>
<th>Snap Track</th>
<th>CN2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+4-20</td>
<td>-4-20</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>24V+</td>
<td>24V-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CN4**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IB ESX</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+4-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grey</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The IB ESX is specifically programmed to control the ESX family of valves. The IB1 is programmed to control any Sporlan step motor valve having 1596 steps of resolution, the IB2 is used with valves having 2500 steps, the IB3 is used with valves having 3193 steps and the IB6 is used on valves with 6386 steps. “Q” denotes quick response for special applications. Please contact Sporlan Division. Refer to Ordering Information, page 3.

**INSTALL THE BOARD**

When used with a 0-10 volt input signal, a jumper should be placed on the pins labeled CN3 as shown in Figure 1. This is the default jumper position. The impedance for this input is 40k ohms.

When used with a 4-20 milliamp input, the board must be matched to the impedance of the external controller. Refer to the manufacturer’s literature and choose the jumper position on CN4 as shown in Figure 1. Possible impedance selections on CN4 are 1,000 ohms (1k), 600 ohms, and 300 ohms.

Choose “Open on Rise” or “Close on Rise” operation using the middle two pins on jumper CN2. The jumper is stored on one pin only and will cause the valve to open as input signal rises, i.e. valve is closed at 0 volts or 4 milliamps and fully open at 10 volts or 20 milliamp input. By placing the jumper on both pins, the operation is reversed so that the valve will be fully open at 0 volts or 4 milliamps. Other pins on CN2 have been clipped at the factory and are not used for operation of the valve.

**MOUNT THE BOARD**

The IB Series is based on a 3.0” x 3.0” circuit card with 0.125” mounting holes, 0.25” from each corner. If desired, these mounting holes may be used with customer supplied non-metallic standoffs. The IB Series does, however, come supplied with a length of snap-in plastic track. The track should be mounted in the desired location and one side of the IB engaged in the upper groove in the track. The IB is then pushed down so that the opposite side of the board snaps into the uppermost groove in the opposite side of the track. The board must be mounted in the orientation shown in Figure 1. Location should be dry, protected and close to the 24 volt power supply and external controller.

**Figure 2**

1” max.  
3/16” min.
WIRING INSTRUCTIONS & CAUTIONS
Use the chart as a guide for wire connections. Certain precautions must be taken in wiring and operation of the IB Series.

1. The 24 volts must be supplied by a 30 VA or 40 VA transformer (depending on the valve type and number of valves per IB) not used for any other purpose. In addition, the secondary winding of the transformer must not be connected to chassis ground. A single transformer may be used for multiple IB boards. If this feature is used, one leg of the 24 volt supply must be connected to all of the IB boards at the 24+ terminal. The other leg of the 24 volt supply must be connected to all of the IBs at the 24- terminal. Please refer to Figure 3. Incorrect wiring will cause the fuse to fail, a spare fuse is included and may be replaced with any 1 amp 250 volts delay fuse type GMC1 or equivalent. Wiring should be corrected before replacing the fuse.

2. The primary input of the transformer should be protected by Metal Oxide Varister (MOV) surge suppressors, supplied with the IB. For protection from electrical transients, connect one MOV between one leg of the input voltage (high side) of the 24 VAC transformer and earth ground. Connect a second MOV between the other leg of the input voltage of the 24 VAC transformer and earth ground. See Figure 3.

3. The pumpdown terminals must be supplied with a “dry” contact from a switch or relay. No external power should be applied to these terminals.

NOTE: The terminals are labeled IN and GND. The GND terminal is shared with the grey ESX wire. Do not connect GND to system ground.

Figure 2

WIRING CONNECTIONS
From left to right when the board is oriented with the terminal strip across the bottom.

+4-20 - connection for the positive leg of a 4-20 milliamp or 0-10 volt signal
-4-20 - connection for negative leg of a 4-20 milliamp or 0-10 volt signal
B - black wire from valve, or both valves when two valves are used
W - white wire from valve, or both valves when two valves are used
G - green wire from valve, or both valves when two valves are used
R - red wire from valve, or both valves when two valves are used
IN - from external pumpdown switch or relay. See wiring instructions.
GND - to external pumpdown switch or relay. See wiring instructions.
24V-1 - from 24 volt, 30 VA or 40 VA transformer. See wiring instructions.
24V-2 - from 24 volt, 30 VA or 40 VA transformer. See wiring instructions.

NOTE: Power supplied may be 24 volts AC or DC.

OPERATION & TROUBLESHOOTING
When properly configured and installed the IB Series requires no maintenance. They incorporate a number of operational features to assure trouble free service. On power-up the board will initialize by giving the valve a large number of steps to assure that the valve is fully shut. The routine will require approximately 8 seconds for the IB1, 11 seconds for the IB ESX, 16 seconds for the IB2 and IB3, and 32 seconds for the IB6. The valve will not respond to input signals during this time. If the valve is required to shut during operation, the pumpdown terminals should be used. When given a pumpdown signal, the board will shut the valve immediately and overdrive by 250 steps to reset most valves’ position and 50 steps for ESX valves. On removal of the pumpdown signal the valve will resume position as dictated by the external control signal.

If power is lost to the IB or wire to the valve severed, the valve will remain in its last position. Solenoid valves may be desired before the step motor valve on critical applications.

To force the valve shut during operation for test purposes, simply remove the jumper from CN4 or CN3, depending on configuration. To resume normal operation, replace the jumper.

To allow for component tolerances, the IB will shut the valve when the input signal reaches 4.05 milliamps or 0.05 volts depending on the configuration.

The IB can power one or two valves (IB-ESX can only power one ESX valve). The valves will operate simultaneously and will open and close by the same number of steps. Valve wires must be connected exactly the same for both valves.

TEST THE VALVE
The resistance of the motor winding may be tested without opening the system.

1. Remove power from the external controller and/or IB.
2. Remove the valve leads from IB.
3. Measure the resistance between the black and white leads of the valves. For the SEI, SDR, SEH, CDS-9, CDS-16, and CDS-17 valves, the resistance should be 75 ohms with the valve at room temperature or approximately 65 ohms if the valve is at -40°F. For the SERI-G, SERI-J, SERI-K, CDS-4, and CDS-7 valves, the resistance should be 100 ohms at room temperature and approximately 76 ohms if the valve is at -40°F.
4. Measure the resistance between the green and red leads. This value should be within ±5% of the resistance between the black and white leads.

5. Measure the resistance from any lead to valve body. Resistance should be infinite, that is to say, open.

**TEST THE IB**
The flow charts on the following page are designed to assist in diagnosing a possible IB failure. All measurements should be made with a Digital Multimeter.

**TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE – IB Operating on External Signal (4-20 ma or 0-10 VDC)**

Note: Before testing the IB, make certain the valve is operating. See “Test the Valve” instructions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODEL</th>
<th>PART #</th>
<th>STEPS</th>
<th>USED ON VALVES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IB1</td>
<td>952955</td>
<td>1596</td>
<td>SEI .5 -11, SER-1.5, SER-20 for discharge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB2</td>
<td>983188</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>CDS-4, CDS-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB3</td>
<td>952956</td>
<td>3193</td>
<td>SDR-3, SDR-3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB6</td>
<td>959957</td>
<td>6386</td>
<td>CDS-9, CDS-16, CDS-17, SDR-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB ESX</td>
<td>950002</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>ESX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB1Q</td>
<td>952958</td>
<td>1596</td>
<td>SEI, SEI-11, SER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB2Q</td>
<td>983189</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>SEI-G, SEI-J, SEI-K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB3Q</td>
<td>952959</td>
<td>3193</td>
<td>SEI-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB6Q</td>
<td>952960</td>
<td>6386</td>
<td>SEI-50, SEH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

1. Is there 24V AC at terminals 24V+ & 24V-? **NO** Repair or replace power supply or power supply wiring.
   **YES**

2. Is the 24V transformer of the isolated secondary type? **NO** Replace the transformer with an isolated secondary type.
   **YES**

3. Is the valve connected to terminals (black, white, green, red) with wire colors correct? **NO** Shut off power to IB and correct wiring.
   **YES**

4. Connect voltmeter on AC scale to the Black and White valve terminals. Interrupt and restore power to the IB. Does the meter read 12 volts AC ± 1? **NO** Using an SMA-12 test instrument, test the step motor. If operational, replace the IB.
   **YES**

5. Repeat above test using Red and Green terminals. Does the meter read 12 volts AC ± 1? **NO** Using an SMA-12 test instrument, test the step motor. If operational, replace the IB.
   **YES**

6. Are wires for external signal connected to terminals +4-20 & -4-20? **NO** Shut off power to IB and external controller. Correct input signal observing polarity.
   **YES**

7. Is external signal present? Signal should be 4-20 MA at 12 volts DC or 0-10 VDC. **NO** Test or replace external controller.
   **YES**

8. Is polarity of signal correct? (+) to term +4-20 and (-) to term -4-20. **NO** Shut off power to IB and external controller and correct wiring.
   **YES**

9. Is pin jumper for input signal selection (CN4 or CN2) on the correct pins? See Figure 1*. **NO** Shut off power to IB and external controller and move pin jumper to correct location.
   **YES**

10. If present, remove wires from pumpdown terminals IN & GND. Did the valve open? **NO** First make sure input at terminal +4-20 & -4-20 is greater than 4 ma. If so, repair wiring or replace pumpdown relay.
    **YES**

11. Put a jumper across terminals IN & GND. Did the valve close? **NO** Using an SMA-12 test instrument, test the step motor. If operational, replace the IB.
    **YES**

12. Remove the jumper from terminals IN & GND and reconnect the wires.

13. Remove the pin jumper from CN4 or CN2. Did the valve close? **NO** IB is defective, Replace IB
    **YES**

IB is functional, test external controller.

Note: CNA provides 3 levels of input impedance to match external controller outputs. Be sure controller output and IB inputs are matched. Refer to controller manufacturer literature for more information.
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SD-278, July 2014 supersedes SD-278, November 2008 and all prior publications.